746 LABOUR

36.6 p.c. and 17.2 p.c., respectively, of the labour force, accounted for only 23.6 p.c. and 11.1 p.c., respectively, of the unemployed. British Columbia had 9.3 p.c. of the labour force and 10.0 p.c. of the unemployed. This uneven distribution of unemployed persons, which also prevailed in 1946, was reflected in the regional unemployment rates. The annual average unemployment rate in 1965 was 7.4 in the Atlantic region, 5.4 in Quebec, 2.5 in Ontario, 2.5 in the Prairie Province region, and 4.2 in British Columbia.

6.-Estimates of Employment and Unemployment, by Region, 1946 and 1956-65

Note.—Comparable figures for 1947-55 are given in the 1962 Year Book, p. 712.

Year	Atlantic		Quebec		Ontario		Prairies		Britiah Columbia	
	Employ- ment	Unem- ployment	Employ- ment '000	Unem- ployment	Employ- ment	Unem- ployment	Employ- ment	Unem- ployment '000	Employ- ment	Unem- ployment
1956	489	31	1,535 1,576	180	2,096	51 77	976	22 27	489	14
1957 1958	492 469	45 67	1,582	101 153	2,161 2,142	122	992 1,013	43	509 501	14 27 47 36 48
1959 1960	482 492	59 59	1,620 1,639	138 16 4	2,198 2,249	103 128	1,049 1,069	43 85 47	521 516	36 48
1961	507	64	1,652	168	2,269	132	1,100	53 46	527 551	49
1962 1963	516 522	62 55	1,713 1,762	139 142	2,317 2,382	105 94	1,129 1,138	44	571	49 39 39 34 28
1964 1965	542 566	46 45	1,827 1,912	124 109	2,473 2,548	83 66	1,162 1,196	37 31	605 639	28 28

⁴ Excludes Newfoundland.

Section 3.—Employment Statistics*

Subsection 1.—Statistics of Employment, Earnings and Hours

Monthly records of employment have been collected from larger business establishments since 1921. At that time a survey was instituted to provide employment index numbers which would serve as current economic indicators. In 1941 the survey was extended to provide information on payrolls and per capita wages and salaries and in 1944 it was further extended to provide data on hours of work and hourly and weekly wages. Also during the war period, separate records for men and women employees were established. Beginning with the January 1966 publications of Employment and Average Weekly Wages and Salaries and Man-Hours and Hourly Earnings, the data compiled are on a revised basis. A historical series (Catalogue No. 72-504) provides, on the revised basis, monthly and annual data from 1961-65 and will be extended to provide data from 1957 to this period. The revision has involved the publishing of employment indexes on the time base 1961=100 in place of the time base 1949=100. All data are compiled on the 1960 standard industrial classification instead of the 1948 standard industrial classification. The new establishment concept of reporting has been introduced with the result that, in a number of cases, activities formerly reported separately are now consolidated into operating entities capable of reporting all elements of basic industrial statistics, including employment and payrolls.

Statistics below the provincial level are compiled for many urban areas using the census definition for metropolitan areas and modified definitions for other urban areas. The survey at present covers establishments with 20 or more employees in any month of the current period rather than, as formerly stated, "those usually having 15 or more employees" The data in Tables 7-14 are presented according to the revised series.

The survey now covers sectors of the following major industry divisions: forestry; mining (including milling); manufacturing; construction; transportation, communication and other utilities; trade; and finance, insurance and real estate. Also included are

^{*} Prepared in the Employment Section, Labour Division, Dominion Bureau of Statistics.